

Ramin Haerizadeh | Rokni Haerizadeh | Hesam Rahmanian

I PUT IT THERE YOU NAME IT

Texts by Vali Mahlouji

GALLERY ISABELLE VAN DEN EYNDI

By Vali Mahlouji

Artists Ramin Haerizadeh, Rokni Haerizadeh and Hesam Rahmanian, co-habitants and co-exhibitors, appropriate the gallery space into their personal domestic environment and create a replica of home. Interconnected rooms are stage sets. Coveted art works, collected over the years, by artists including Louise Bourgeois, David Hockney, Bahman Mohassess, Jake and Dinos Chapman, mingle with their own artworks, found objects and possessions in exact replication of home.

These artworks, relics and objects, accumulated, amassed and organised through time, are placed and displayed in apparent arbitrariness. The parts are intertwined, shortening and lengthening experience. There are no clear delineations, categorizations. Deliberately, there are no boundaries, nor hierarchies. Dramatic meetings are being pushed. Individual distinctions are overshadowed. Fragments must be considered in their function predominantly in relation to the spatial totality. A consciousness of the spatial totality considers the object as an integral part of it.





THEATRE OF OUR WORLD By Vali Mahlouji Right in the heart of his sixteenth century. One such fi

Right in the heart of his sixteenth century Florentine Palazzo Vecchio, Francesco I de' Medici designed a private windowless setting in marble and painted wood around the theme of the four seasons as a lavish decorative scheme to accommodate, organize and modulate the dialogue between his paintings and sculptures and precious collectables. This was the secluded chamber of his studiolo and it was accessed through a hidden doorway.1 It was a sophisticated man's sanctuary – a retreat amassed with objects qualified, a priori, by their rarity. Its central aim was to reflect a condensed microcosm of the universe - creation in all its diversity and variety. Throughout the Rennaissance studioli and curiousity rooms and cabinets were designed in private spaces across Italy and the rest of Europe and these became places of reflection and admiration for the worders of the world and things precious - Wunderkammern (or Kunstkammern) as they were known in German. "The first impression upon entering a cabinet of curiousities was one of a world in miniature, an accumulation of objects in such profusion that it was difficult to find one's way round it; there was no beginning and no end."2 A document from 1587 lists the Kunstkammer's indispensible items as: sculptures and paintings; "curious items from home or abroad"; and "antlers, horns, claws, feathers and other things belonging to strange and curious animals". The dual aim was not only to discover, accumulate and define but also to inscribe meaning, encourage analogies, and to draw a network of dynamic parallels and apportion magical affinities across the collectables.

One such famous *Kunstkammer* was created at the Scholss Ambras by the brother of Charles V, Ferdinand of Tyrol, in the 1570s. In it all manner of arts, natural wonders, freaks of nature, and extraordinary creations were amassed. In one corner were displayed life-size representations of a giant and dwarf, a document of two residents of Vienna. In front, sat a tree trunk with antelope horns nailed onto it. Above, two sharks hung from the ceiling.

These highly prized and guarded theatrical settings showed off the extraordinary wide range of interests of the collectors. They defied any system of classification - a profusive shower of objects, art works, natural marvels, scientific instruments, minerals, manuscripts, ethnographic curiousities. In 1521, along with his artworks, Albrecht Durer sent back from the Netherlands to Nuremberg items of *naturalia* such as animal horns, fish fins, coral and a wooden weapon retrieved from the East Indies.4 The seventeenth century Imperial Library of Vienna mixed an extensive array of relics and fragments slotted and fitted inbetween books and manuscripts. These were, in the customary way, arranged in serried ranks and apparent arbitrary symmetries, heavy with meaning. At certain times and for select persons studioli and cabinets were exhibited. So attached were men to their prized found objects that a certain Manfredo Settala (deceased 1680) ordered his most curious relics to accompany his coffin at the funeral procession.

Seventeenth century courts across Europe commissioned and invested in preciously

produced luxury art shrines (*Kunstschrank*) that presented a portable ordered universe in miniature. A famous one destroyed in 1945 was the exquisite Hainhofer cabinet taken to the court of Phillip II, Duke of Pomerania, in 1612.⁵ It is documented as being made of walnut, ebony and ivory, surmounted by silvered depictions of Mount Parnassus, the Nine Muses and the Seven Liberal Arts. Its lower parts carried personifications of the continents, the zodiac, and the attributes of man. A total 'universe of Mind, Nature and Art'. ⁶ A desire to bring all knowledge into one space. A cosmic whole.

Jan 'Velvet' Brueghel and Peter Paul Rubens immortalized the theatre of the world in their famous collaborative allegorical painting, *The Sense of Sight* (part of *The Allegory of the Senses*), dated 1617.⁷ The personification of sight sits amongst works of art, antiquities, *naturalia* and *scientifica* in this pictorial equivalent of the *Wunderkammer*.

Back in the time of the antique, treasure houses of temples and sacred places of pilgrimage equally housed collections and materials endowed with special auras or magical powers. These could be seen equally as linked to a culture of curiousity. The surrealists reveled in imbuing found objects with similar powers.

^{1.} An example of a studiolo, known as the Gubbio studiolo, originally from the Palazzo Ducale of Gubbio, Italy - has been reassembled and is on display at the Metropolitan

Museum, New York. Refer also to The Origins of Museums: The Cabinet of Curiosities in Sixteenth- and Seventeenth-Century Europe, ed. Oliver Impey and Arthur MacGregor, 2001

^{2.} Patrick Mauriès, Cabinets of Curiosities, Thames & Hudson, London, 2002, p. 68

^{3.} B. Gutfleish and J. Menzhausen, "How a Kunstkammer should be formed", Journal of the History of Collections, 1989 Vol 1: p. 11.

^{4.} A. Hyatt Mayor, Prints and People, Metropolitan Museum of Art/Princeton, 1971, nos 48

^{5.} For a painting showing Phillip Hainhofer of Augsburg presenting this cabinet see Patrick Mauriès, idem, p. 56

^{6.} ibid, p.

^{7.} Jan 'Velvet' Brueghel and Peter Paul Rubens, The Sense of Sight (part of The Allegory of the Senses), Museo del Prado, Madrid.

That morning eleven days ago, someone cried out. Not a word has been heard since.

No crying has been heard.

The prince says that the world will be saved by beauty! And I maintain that the reason he has such playful ideas is that he is in love.

Pass by us, and forgive us our happiness.

I prefer Munch the painter because he has the real idea of theatre.

Munch may have believed one can and one must start from one's own body, both the actor and the spectator (on stage and in life, respectively).

And this can and must be carried out as an alternative behaviour. So the actor and the observer can be reciting and living. In this way the body and the behaviour are no longer disunited, they do not go their separate ways.

Is it still possible to produce something as sublime as *The Ecstasy of Santa Teresa di Avila*? I am skeptical of those who reduce its purity to an orgasm.

What about love?

Sometimes in the evening, especially at dusk, there is the feeling that something will come out from the forest and devour you.

This is the culture of love An unrequited affair of love Full of heartfelt sentiments Full of smells.

I like Orhan Pamuk's *Museum of Innocence*. A love novel in the most popular sense. A character tells his love story. For this or that reason our character collects the things he and his beloved share.

Novels have also archival qualities

And the chemistry of daily life.

In love's pain there is also the anger, the fury that the beloved does not understand us.

This is how life is.

This is the culture of love.

An unrequited affair of love.

Choosing an imaginary world in which you (want to) live.

Living in that world.

A city one has lived in long enough shapes itself into one's own image, acquires the traits of one's personality, the features of one's soul.

Like a map of humiliations and failures, a huzun of longing.

In those days, one could order ham or pork sausages for breakfast in most restaurants or drink lemon flavored vodka at Rejans, a Russian restaurant run by two emigrant white Russian ladies. In those days the city was visibly singing.

I live with Maeterlinck's fear of the day when we see Hamlet die in the theatre, that something of him dies for us. He is dethroned by the spectre of an actor, and we shall never be able to keep the usurper out of our dreams.

A boy told his torturer, "I take my desires for reality because I believe in the reality of my desires."

Yevgeny splendidly expressed it the other day.

I am a keeper. A guardian. The reality that is not visible is apocryphal and the guardian knows its meaning. So the guardian must prevent people from approaching the mystical secrets in his custody.

The origin of composition is custody, and as composition it is conserved within the order and unites present and past.

And the modern man, as in any other era, is an ancient man.

Humans love categorizing. We don't always agree on the boundaries but neither do we like arbitrariness.

Still,

I prefer the hell of chaos to the hell of order.

I prefer many things that I haven't mentioned here

To many things I've also left unsaid.

I prefer the time of insects to the time of stars.

I always knock on wood.

I prefer not to ask how much longer and when. I prefer keeping in mind even the possibility that existence has its own reason for being.

I prefer Ophelia to Gertrude.

Sometimes, I like Van Gogh's pencil drawings much more than his paintings.

Comments are free on the blog and encouraged, but register first. Hopefully this will encourage community and keep us from having to come in and clean Viagra spam.

Maybe there were never any cherries in the orchard. Waiting for the telephone to ring.

I admire Chekhov's search:

Believe me, for many there the fatherland has become as strange as it has for us: an 'inner emigration' of millions.

There, awaiting the end just as we are.
This is the culture of love
An unrequited love affair
Full of heartfelt sentiments
Full of smells

A cabinet of curiousities.

Pass by us, and forgive us our happiness.





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT Isabelle van den Eynde

Ramin, Rokni and Hesam forced me to accept that their art could not be separated from their environment. With their Art Berlin Contemporary 2011 show, Rokni and Ramin decided to transport their studio to the fair booth; they glued fallen scraps of material to the studio floor, and while art handlers were asked to throw nothing away, to keep the studio exactly as it was, I was asked to throw all the normality and formality I relied on away. We, as a gallery, since ABC, have relinquished familiarity by turning away from the structures that have supported us until now to meet Ramin, Rokni and Hesam's requests. They asked us to take risks, abandoning price lists, openings and inventories, and replacing them with an ambiance in which artworks of their





RAMIN HAERIZADEH

Born in 1975, Tehran, Iran, Works and lives in Dubai, UAE

Dubai-based Iranian artist Ramin Haerizadeh fought his way from the paths he was expected to follow to acquire a diverse education in the arts. Exploring photography, drawing, painting, film, animation and collage, he creates multifaceted works that lyrically reclaim and transform found images into arrestingly witty, but tragically troubling, scenes of humanity.

Among multiple reproductions of Haerizadeh's self, a lone, bearded, veiled, cross-dressed creature crops up incessantly. This creature reveals a culture of concealment, serving as both a metaphor for oppression and a container of safety. As winners re-write history, Haerizadeh, disillusioned, re-writes, camouflages and twists given images and apparent truths. He mimics the hypocritical and grotesque manipulations that shape our disturbing world and forcibly alienate personal and collective memories. The inevitable repetition of abusive behaviour, on any scale, resonates throughout Haerizadeh's carefully constructed montages of beasts, texts icons, magazine clippings and media images.

Vali Mahlouji wrote that in Ramin Haerizadeh's collages 'he depicts himself as a "simulacrum – a chaos of appearances" (as Jorge Luis Borges said of Citizen Kane) to emphasise a fractured self. Multiple cross-gendered self-portraits appear to celebrate a kind of triumphant bestiality. The artist uses a safety of humourous juxtapositions and candy-soft background colours to contain and camouflage the grotesque absurdity of the exposed internal conflicts, highlighting the schism between the individual's internal and external realities'

Ramin Haerizadeh presents a collaborative exhibition with Rokni Haerizadeh and Hesam Rahmanian at Gallery Isabelle van den Eynde in March 2012 entitled 'I Put It There. You Name It', Receiving wide international acclaim

his works featured in Charles Saatchi's 'Unveiled: New Art From the Middle East' London, 2009, Thaddaeus Ropac's 'Be Crowned with Laurel in Oblivion', 2010, and 'Raad-o-Bargh', 2009, Paris, 'The Right to Protest' at The Museum of the Seam, Jerusalem, and three solo shows at Gallery Isabelle van den Eynde. At the invitation only Art Berlin Contemporary in 2011 he presented on the theme 'About Painting' with his brother Rokni Haerizadeh. Beyond this, Haerizadeh has participated in group shows in Berlin, New York, Istanbul and Tehran, and has works in various collections such as The British Musueum, London, the Devi Art Foundation, Deli, the Rubell Collection, Florida, and the Rosenblum Collection, Paris.

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Born in 1978, Tehran, Iran. Works and lives in Dubai, UAE.

The works of Rokni Haerizadeh, ranging from painting to collage, sculpture and animation, form a narrative that explores the extremities of human behaviour. Haerizadeh finds humour in the arts from the late Safavid to Qajar erain their exaggerated depictions of existence where intended dignity disappoints to reveal farcical imperfections.

By rejecting romantic nostalgia, he captures the humour value depend upon to negotiate our flawed world.

Ephemeral oral cultures, from Coffee House painting narration to contemporary news broadcasts, distort, ravage and regenerate narratives as Rokni Haerizadeh does. He depicts a decadent world, exaggerated by a fantastical sense of the absurd, and amplified by his compelling and intrinsic manipulations of reality. In his series 'Fictionville', found media photographs capturing violence, torture and suffering are transformed into satirical tales that echo our grotesque reality; harrowing scenes of riots, demonstrations and natural disasters are corrupted to become perverse scenes of sensual delights and animalistic instincts.

He creates a controversial and disturbing narrative, a commedia dell'arte animated by the vocabulary of contemporary film, art, literature and music. Each characterin Haerizadeh's narratives is the expression of a mood; frustration, desire, naivety, perversion, decency, violence and shame reveal themselves through his painterly approaches. When he rips images apart, destruction and nihilism subve meanings spontaneously. When he thrashes paint on the canvas, protest and torture mingle, and the violent process makes a mockery of religious bigotry.

Rokni Haerizadeh's works - whether direct responses to society, the histories of art, literature and oral culture, or organic expressions of moods and sensations - are fragment in a never-ending and elaborate creative process. Instinctive desires and struggles are unleashed and challenged by Haerizadeh to emerge like castrated howls words are abandoned, and narratives materialize as disturbingly vivid collages of sensations and scenarios that repeat, evolve, regress, and re-emerge.

He has had several solo shows in Dubai with Gallery
Isabelle van den Eynde, most recently 'Oh Victory, You
Forgot Your Underwear' in 2009, and has participated
in group shows such as Charles Saatchi's 'Unveiled: New
Art from the Middle East', 2009, and 'Raad-o-Bargh' at
Thaddaeus Ropac Gallery in Paris, 2009. At the invitation
only Art Berlin Contemporary in 2011 on the theme
'About Painting', he and his brother Ramin Haerizadeh
transformed the booth into a dynamic installation
replicating their studio space. In his show 'I Put It There,
You Name It' in March 2012 at Gallery Isabelle van den
Eynde, he extends this project further. He participated in
Iran Gardens at the Tehran Museum for Contemporary
Art in 2004 as well as Iran.com at the Museum Fur Neue
Kunst in Freiburg, Germany. In June 2010, he had an
exhibition at Galerie Thaddaeus Ropac entitled 'Be Crown
with Laurel in Oblivion'. In the Sharjah Biennale 2011,
Rokni Haerizadeh presented Fictionville, a project featuring
an animation. In Art Basel Art Statements 2012, the artist
presents a solo show. His works are included in public and
private collections, among which the Tate Modern, the
British Museum, the Devi Art Foundation, the JP Morgan
Chase Collection, the Rubell Family Collection, the
Rosenblum Collection.





HESAM RAHMANIAN

Born in 1980, U.S.A. Lives and works in Dubai, UAE

Dubai-based artist Hesam Rahmanian grew up in his native Tehran, before moving to India, the USA and subsequently the UAE. Rahmanian studied fine art and calligraphy in Tehran, followed by applied art and design in California, where he received wide recognition for his outstanding graphic design work. Since moving to Dubai, he has immersed himself fully in visual art, focusing predominantly on painting, though occasionally incorporating neon, or challenging himself to projects such as 'Solitaire', a pack of playing cards illustrated with figures of the Iranian regime, or a portrait of Ahmadinejad made entirely of playing dice. Rahmanian's works encourage social discourse through their astute social observations and arresting wit. He has developed a practice that inherently integrates his personal memories, obsessions and inspirations with wider questions of social and political issues from his native Iran and beyond.

the core of Rahmanian's creative explorations is the desire to maintain equality between the subjects and the mainterly techniques appropriated. His approaches fluctuate to that in certain works, events, allegories and metaphors dood out through fluid gestural painting that echoes the pontaneous energy of the discontent and the momentum of overbearing powers. In other works, wrought layers of deavy paint build up on the canvas as Rahmanian's ideas volve; animals emerge from tanks, car wrecks emerge from bstraction, and the surfaces are scratched at obsessively. The laborious evolution of these paintings captures another spect of unabated human struggle and frustration. Whichever approach, process or medium Rahmanian ngages, the final works emerge as reductive scenes in which birds, animals, figures or inanimate objects stand alone, tranded. Solitary metaphors create an augmented sense of litimate desolation while channelling an intense spectrum of

Hesam Rahmanian has had a number of solo and group exhibitions internationally. In March 2012, he presents an exhibition alongside Rokni and Ramin Haerizadeh at Gallery Isabelle van den Eynde entitled 'I Put It There, You Name It'. Most recently, Rahmanian has had solo shows at Paradise Row, London, and at Traffic, Dubai, and participated in a group show at the Royal College of Art, London, as one of eight finalists for the MOP CAP 2011 prize, and also in 'How Lucky We Are, Angel at Our Table, God in Our Car' at Krinzinger Projekte, Vienna. Alongside his painting, he has received international recognition for his design projects, and featured work in Taschen's 2009 publication 'Design for Obama: Posters For Change'.

VALI MAHLOUJI

Works and lives in London UK

Vali Mahlouji is an independent curator, critic and writer who has collaborated with The British Museum, The Barbican Centre, National Museum of Contemporary Art Athens, Sharjah Biennial, Delfina Foundation, Yale University, *Theatre* Journal, City University New York, Galerie Thaddaeus Ropac (Paris), The Saatchi Gallery, Niccolo Sprovieri Gallery (London), Kalfayan Galleries (Athens), Isabelle van den Eynde Gallery (Dubai), Krinzinger Gallery (Vienna), Khak Gallery (Tehran), The London Middle-East Institute, The Italian Cultural Institute (London), Institut Francais (London), Bregenzer Festspiele, London Film School, British Film Institute, Royal Court Theatre, The Guardian, BBC.



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08-09 ROKNI HAERIZADEH

The Crying Butcher Was in Love with the Canary | 2009 oil on canvas 200x300 cm



ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Screaming Pumpkin | 2010 glazed ceramic 38 cm x diam. 60 cm



Left at the back HESAM RAHMANIAN

Ya Hussain | 2011 acrylic and neon on canvas 120x100 cm



Mrs. Tanakora | 2011 assemblage of found objects 128x42x43 cm

Center

RAMIN HAERIZADEH

We Choose to Go to the Moon | 2009 mixed media and collage on canvas 200x150 cm



video | 4.30 min | ed. of 3 + 2 AP



RAMIN HAERIZADEH

Still Life, King, Queen and Tomato | 2011 collage and acrylic on canyas | 170x140 cm



Cabinet of Self-Curiosities | 2012 wood, glass, clay, photos, frames, soft toys, fiberglass, stones and ink 177x80x43 cm detail in the center



18-19 ROKNI HAERIZADEH Untitled | 2012

Painted Floors: acrylic and varnish on MDF boards variable sizes

Installation views Work by Ardeshir Mohassess (top right) Work by David Hockney (bottom right)

Collaborative work by RAMIN HAERIZADEH, ROKNI HAERIZADEH AND HESAM RAHMANIAN

> The Flute Player of Hamelin I 2012 Assemblage of found items with epoxy foam, wallpaper collage, plaster and acrylic 240x48x35 cm

Wall installation views Left to right top to bottom Works by Ahmad Aminnazar, Mona Hatoum, Olafur Eliasson, Mona Hatoum, Billy Childish, Georg Baselitz, Nam Jun Peik,

Louise Bourgeois, Alice Nikitinova, Alice Nikitinova, Bahman Mohassess, Alice Nikitinova, Tala Madani, Damien Hirst, Bahman Mohassess.

Bronze sculpture by Bahman Mohassess



Installation view Bronze sculptures by Bahman Mohassess Mirror work by Monir Shahroudi Farmanfarmaian

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

You Have Chosen the Skull for One of the Seven Essays | 2010 oil on canvas | 250x153 cm

Work by Abel Auer (top right) Sculpture by Shirin Fakhim (bottom right)



28–29 Wall installation views top to bottom, left to right Works by Bahman Mohassess, Bita Fayyazi, Shahpour Pouyan, Abel Auer, Shirin Fakhim, Houshang Pezeshknia,

> Y.Z. Kami, ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Ghoghnous for Bahman Mohasses | 2012 Ripped magazine pages, gesso and watercolor on paper | 36x27 cm

Two works by Nader Ahriman, ROKNI HAERIZADEH Khosrow and Shirin | 2011 gesso, acrylic and watercolor on paper 65x100 cm



Web | 2011 acrylic on canvas triptych 50x70, 70x50, 70x60 cm

RAMIN HAERIZADEH

Mangy Lion Series | 2012 mixed media on paper 35.5x25.5 cm

works by Ardeshir Mohassess, Avish Khebrehzadeh. Bita Fayyazi (sculpture on the table), Two works by Daniel Johnston, Nazgol Ansarinia,

RAMIN HAERIZADEH

Melody of a Fallen Tree | 2011 mixed media and collage on canvas 170x140 cm

Left to right RAMIN HAERIZADEH

Hail to the King | 2011 mixed media and collage on canvas 300x200 cm

HESAM RAHMANIAN

Egsh (love) | 2012 acrylic and neon on canvas 127x107 cm



ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Still Life, Three Carrots, One Tangerine on an Old Tray I 2009 oil on canvas | 150x200 cm

ROKNI HAERIZADEH Untitled | 2012

Painted Floors: acrylic and varnish on MDF boards variable sizes

Wall installation views Top to bottom, left to right

HESAM RAHMANIAN

The Savior | 2012 acrylic on canvas | 70x50 cm

HESAM RAHMANIAN

Untitled | 2012 acrylic on cardboard | 23x18 cm

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Mollah Nasreddin | 2008–2011 Ink, watercolor and gesso on paper 21x29 cm

Work by Bita Fayyazi

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Dagger Dancer | 2008 watercolor on paper | 65x50 cm

Work by Nargess Hashemi

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Mollah Nasreddin | 2003 pen and marker on paper | 21x28 cm

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Our Story | 2002 pen and marker on paper I 21x29 cm

Work by Hani Rashed





COLLABORATIVE WORKS BY RAMIN HAERIZADEH, ROKNI HAERIZADEH AND HESAM RAHMANIAN



RAMIN HAERIZADEH Sweet Shirin | 2004 marker on photo paper | 30x21cm

RAMIN HAERIZADEH

Theater Group | 2008 c-print | 100x70 cm | ed. 3/10

HESAM RAHMANIAN

Only One Can Cross the Road | 2012 acrylic on canvas | 50x70cm

RAMIN HAERIZADEH

Today's Woman | 2009 collage on paper | 75x55cm

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Dead End | 2002 pen on paper | 21x28 cm

Works by Ardeshir Mohassess, Youssef Nabil,

HESAM RAHMANIAN

Old But Eager | 2012 acrylic on canvas | 70x50 cm

Work by Joze Larma,

HESAM RAHMANIAN

Captured Swan | 2011 acrylic on paper | 57x75 cm

Work by Farshid Maleki,

ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Untitled | 2012 Painted Floors and Cabinet: acrylic and varnish on wood



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (01) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items in a wooden crate 185x240x40 cm



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (02) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | 156x244x20 cm



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (03) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | 185x240 cm



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (04) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | 300x540x83 cm



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (05) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | 182x240 cm expanding on the wall



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (06) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | 186x240 cm expanding on the wall



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (07) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items I variable sizes

GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (08) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | 185x240cm expanding on the wall



54-55 LADY WITH THE SHELL | 2012

Assemblage of found items with epoxy foam, wallpaper collage, plaster and acrylic 240x109x50 cm



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (09) | 2012 Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic

and feathers | 185x240 cm



GANESH | 2012 Assemblage of found items, wood and acrylic

GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (14) | 2012

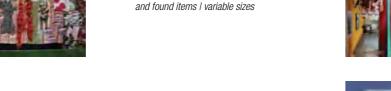
spray paint and fake fur | 185x240 cm

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic,



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (10) | 2012 Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic

and found items | variable sizes



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (11) | 2012 Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | 185x240 cm



GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (12) | 2012 Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper and acrylic 185x135 cm



BALZAC | 2012

Assemblage of found items with epoxy foam, plaster and acrylic 243x55x80 cm

GARDEN OF GRANDMOTHERS (13) | 2012

Plastic sheet, wallpaper, printed paper, acrylic and found items | variable sizes



241x105x105 cm



68–69 ROKNI HAERIZADEH

Study Model (I) (II) (III)I 2003 watercolor and ink on paper From top to bottom 30x35 cm, 28x28 cm, 30x30 cm



GUARD OF THE GARDEN | 2012 Assemblage of found items with epoxy foam and acrylic | 260x47x59 cm





Published on the occasion of the exhibition *I Put It There You Name It*, a collaborative exhibition by *Ramin Haerizadeh, Rokni Haerizadeh and Hesam Rahmanian*, presented at Gallery Isabelle van den Eynde, Dubai, from March 18 to May 17, 2012.

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